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一种基于取样光栅的 Sagnac 环滤波器的设计研究

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摘要:

Sagnac

Jones

L ΔL P 6

Sagnac

关键词: Sagnac Jones

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Design of Sagnac loop filters based on sampled gratings

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Abstract To explore new structures of comb filters a new Sagnac loop filter based on the sampled fiber Bragg grating was proposed. Using the theory of Jones matrix the theoretical model of filter was established. Theoretical analysis and numerical simulation of transmission spectra of the proposed filter were carried on. By choosing the different value of the sampled fiber Bragg grating length L optical fiber ring arm length difference ΔL and the sampling period P six kinds of narrow-band comb transmission spectrums with discrete spectral lines high reflectivity and equal interval can be obtained. The spectrums have good wavelength selectivity and good channel isolation. The simulation results show that this filter can be used in the multi-channel narrow band filter of the wavelength division multiplexing system dual-wavelength fiber laser and the distributed sensing system etc. It provides a certain reference for the filter combining fiber Bragg grating with the structure of the Sagnac loop in research and application.

Key words fiber optics Sagnac loop sampling grating Jones matrix filter

引 言

1

Sagnac

0.4nm

0.2nm 10 20

dense wavelength division multiplexing DWDM

4nm 8 2

Sagnac

1-2

0.8nm 0.1nm

Sagnac

3-7

9

Sagnac

Sagnac

13ZR1430400

14YZ070

Sagnac

1989-

Jones

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MATLAB

2015-04-13

2015-07-22

L

ΔL

P

6

$$F \cdot M^n \begin{bmatrix} R_0 \\ S_0 \end{bmatrix} = T_g \begin{bmatrix} R_0 \\ S_0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (5)$$

$$T_g = \begin{bmatrix} T_{11} & T_{12} \\ T_{21} & T_{22} \end{bmatrix} \quad T_{11} = T_{22}^*$$

$$T_{12} = T_{21}^* \begin{bmatrix} R_0 \\ S_0 \end{bmatrix} \quad F$$

M

F M

1 理论分析

10

11

1

L

P = a + b

a

b T = a/b

n = L/P

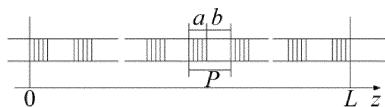


Fig. 1 Structure model of the sampled fiber grating

j

$$\begin{bmatrix} R_j \\ S_j \end{bmatrix} = F_j \begin{bmatrix} R_{j-1}' \\ S_{j-1}' \end{bmatrix}$$

F_j =

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cosh \gamma a & -i \frac{\hat{\sigma}}{\gamma} \sinh \gamma a & -i \frac{k}{\gamma} \sinh \gamma a \\ i \frac{k}{\gamma} \sinh \gamma a & \cosh \gamma a & +i \frac{\hat{\sigma}}{\gamma} \sinh \gamma a \end{bmatrix} \quad (2)$$

$$\gamma = \sqrt{k^2 - \hat{\sigma}^2} \quad k$$

$$\hat{\sigma} = \delta + \sigma$$

$$\delta = 2\pi n_{\text{eff}} \lambda^{-1} - \lambda_B^{-1}$$

n_{eff}

σ

λ

λ_B Bragg

$$\begin{bmatrix} R_j \\ S_j \end{bmatrix} \quad j$$

j

$$\begin{bmatrix} R_j \\ S_j \end{bmatrix} = F_j \cdot M_j \begin{bmatrix} R_{j-1} \\ S_{j-1} \end{bmatrix} \quad (3)$$

$$M_j = \begin{bmatrix} e^{-i\beta b} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i\beta b} \end{bmatrix} \quad (4)$$

$$\beta = 2\pi n_{\text{eff}}/\lambda$$

L

11

$$\begin{bmatrix} R_n \\ S_n \end{bmatrix} = F \cdot M \begin{bmatrix} R_{n-1} \\ S_{n-1} \end{bmatrix} = F \cdot M^2 \begin{bmatrix} R_{n-2} \\ S_{n-2} \end{bmatrix} = \dots =$$

5

$$\begin{bmatrix} S_n \\ R_0 \end{bmatrix} = G_g \begin{bmatrix} R_n \\ S_0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (6)$$

$$G_g = \frac{1}{T_{11}} \begin{bmatrix} T_{21} & T_{11} & T_{22} & -T_{12} & T_{21} \\ & 1 & & -T_{12} & \end{bmatrix}$$

Sagnac

2

1 2 L₁

L₂

$$\Delta L = L_1 - L_2$$

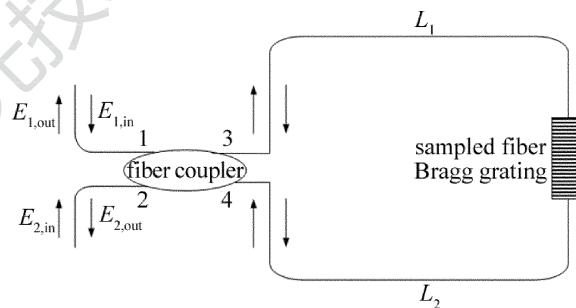


Fig. 2 Schematic of Sagnac loop microwave photonic filter with the sampled fiber Bragg grating

3dB

K

$$G_c = \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{1-K} & i\sqrt{K} \\ i\sqrt{K} & \sqrt{1-K} \end{bmatrix} \quad (7)$$

$$G_f = \begin{bmatrix} \exp i\beta L_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \exp i\beta L_2 \end{bmatrix} \quad (8)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} E_{1 \text{ out}} \\ E_{2 \text{ out}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & E_{1 \text{ in}} \\ E_{2 \text{ in}} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} E_{1 \text{ out}} \\ E_{2 \text{ out}} \end{bmatrix} = G \begin{bmatrix} E_{1 \text{ in}} \\ E_{2 \text{ in}} \end{bmatrix} = G_c G_f G_g G_f G_c \begin{bmatrix} E_{1 \text{ in}} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (9)$$

9

2

Sa-

gnac

$$T = \left| \frac{E_{2 \text{ out}}}{E_{1 \text{ in}}} \right|^2 = |G_{21}|^2 = G_{21} \times G_{21}^* \quad 10$$

$$G_{21}^* \quad G_{21} \quad K=0.5 \quad 10$$

$$T = \frac{1}{|T_{11} n|^2} \left\{ \frac{2|T_{12} n|^2 - |T_{11} n|^2}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{|T_{11} n|^2 - |T_{12} n|^2}{4} - \frac{1}{2} \text{Re}^2 T_{12} n - \text{Im}^2 T_{12} n \cos 2\beta\Delta L + 2\text{Re} T_{12} n \text{Im} T_{12} n \sin 2\beta\Delta L + |T_{11} n|^2 - |T_{12} n|^2 - 1 \times \text{Re} T_{12} n \sin \beta\Delta L - \text{Im} T_{12} n \cos \beta\Delta L \right\} \quad 11$$

$$\frac{2}{\Delta n P T L} \quad K \quad \Delta L \quad \text{Sagnac} \quad L_1 \quad L_2$$

2 数值仿真

11 MATLAB
3dB
0.5 Bragg $\lambda_B = 1550\text{nm}$
0.0005 $T = a/b = 0.1$ 6
 L P ΔL
MATLAB 2
3 ~ 8
3 ~ 8
 P ΔL
3
16 0.06nm 0.8nm
1 16 100GHz ΔL
0.8nm DWDM 12 5
4 4 0.06nm
8 0.06nm 1.6nm 3.2nm
1 8 6
200GHz 1.6nm DWDM 0.06nm 8.1nm
3 4
 ΔL

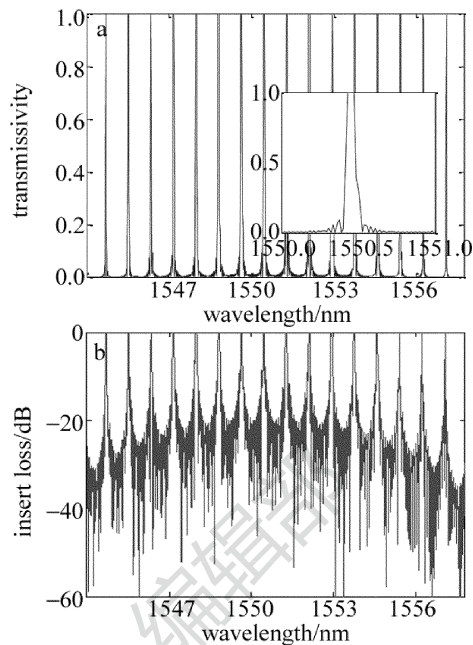


Fig. 3 Transmission spectrum of filter when $L=120\text{mm}$ $P=1.0\text{mm}$ $\Delta L=0.9\text{mm}$

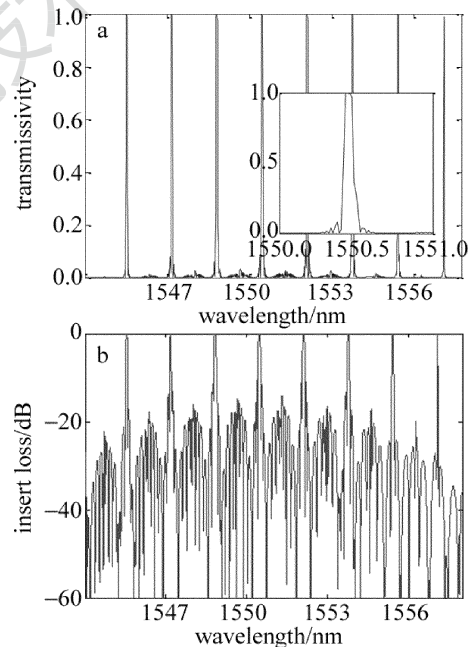


Fig. 4 Transmission spectrum of filter when $L=120\text{mm}$ $P=1.0\text{mm}$ $\Delta L=2.4\text{mm}$

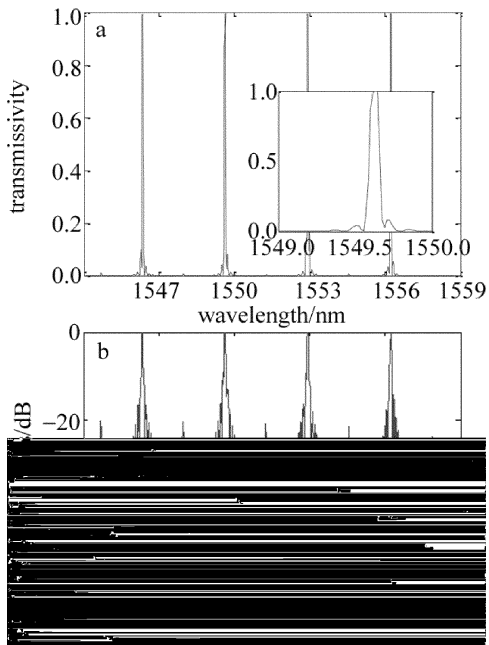


Fig. 5 Transmission spectrum of filter when $L = 60\text{mm}$ $P = 0.5\text{mm}$ $\Delta L = 0.2\text{mm}$

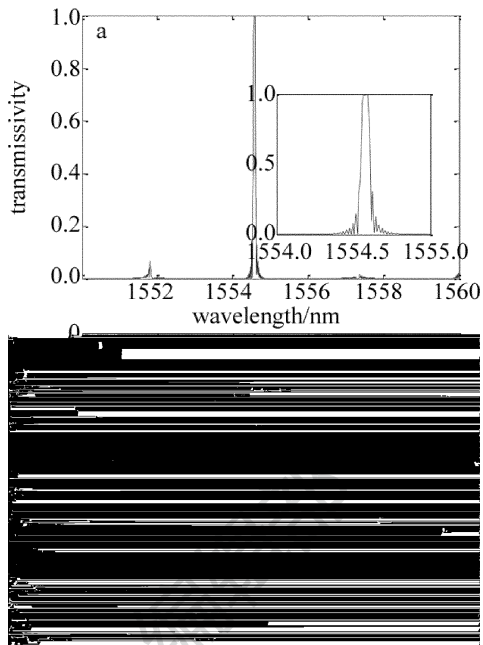


Fig. 7 Transmission spectrum of filter when $L = 30\text{mm}$ $P = 0.3\text{mm}$ $\Delta L = 1.3\text{mm}$

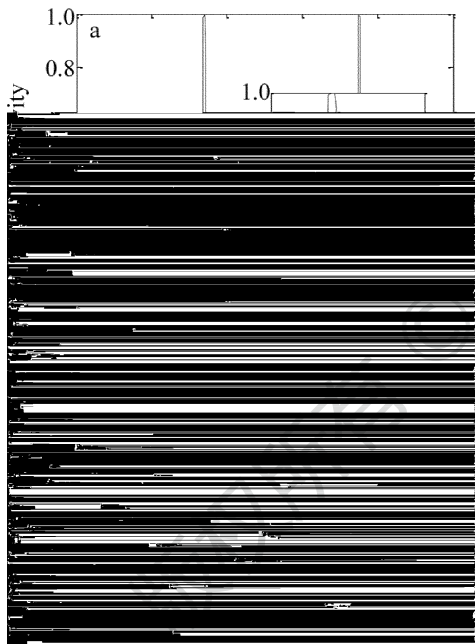


Fig. 6 Transmission spectrum of filter when $L = 30\text{mm}$ $P = 0.4\text{mm}$ $\Delta L = 0.2\text{mm}$

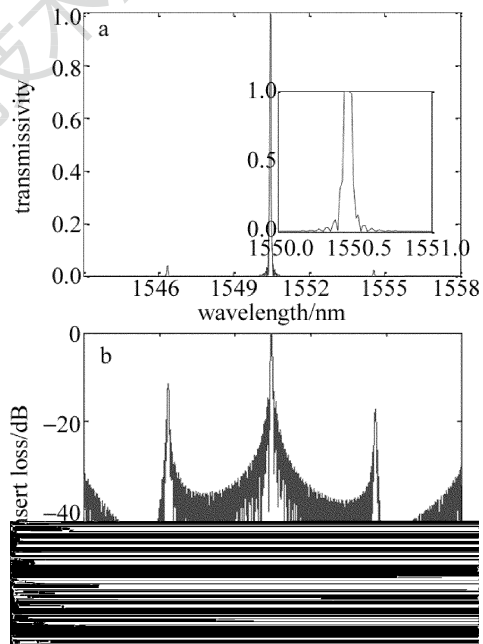


Fig. 8 Transmission spectrum of filter when $L = 25\text{mm}$ $P = 0.2\text{mm}$ $\Delta L = 0.1\text{mm}$

3 结论

Sagnac

L ΔL P

6

$L = 120\text{mm}$

$P = 1.0\text{mm}$

$\Delta L = 0.9\text{mm}$

